WHAT WE CLAIM IS:

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- 2 1. A scheduling engine for optimally scheduling
- 3 the allocation of a set service providers to a defined
- 4 set of service points, comprising:
- a service point mechanism for collecting and
- 6 processing a plurality of service point data
- 7 parameters, said service point data parameters being
- 8 not necessarily independent from one another;
- 9 a service provider mechanism for collecting and
- 10 processing a plurality of service provider data
- 11 parameters, said service point data parameters being
- 12 not necessarily independent from one another;
- a generic multi-layer scheduling mechanism for
- 14 generating allocation schedules for allocating the set
- 15 of service providers to the set of service points, said
- 16 generic multi-layer scheduling mechanism employing a
- 17 heuristic algorithm for creating an objective function
- 18 relating to said plurality of service point data
- 19 elements and said plurality of service provider data
- 20 elements and generating therefrom said optimal
- 21 allocation schedule.
- 1 2. The scheduling engine of Claim 1, wherein
- 2 said generic multi-layer scheduling mechanism further
- 3 comprises instructions for successively proceeding
- 4 through increasingly optimal allocation schedules until
- 5 a final optimal allocation schedule results.
- The scheduling engine of Claim 1, wherein
- 2 said generic multi-layer scheduling engine further
- 3 comprises a genetic analysis mechanism for testing
- 4 successive allocation schedules for verifying

- 5 improvement over previously generated allocation
- 6 schedules.
- 1 4. The scheduling engine of Claim 3, further
- 2 comprising a variable scoring model for changing said
- 3 successive allocation schedules for accommodating
- 4 different customer business aspects.
- 1 5. The scheduling engine of Claim 4, wherein
- 2 said genetic analysis mechanism requires only two
- 3 solutions for comparing to improve over previously
- 4 generated allocation schedules independent of the type
- 5 of employed heuristic algorithm.
- 1 6. The scheduling engine of Claim 1, wherein
- 2 said genetic multi-layer scheduling mechanism further
- 3 comprises a plurality of meta-heuristics for
- 4 successively testing the optimality of a population of
- 5 solutions for proceeding towards an optimal solution
- 6 independent of linearity constraints.
- 1 7. A scheduling engine for processing a
- 2 plurality of scheduling problems, comprising:
- 3 instructions for defining a set of inputs, control
- 4 parameters, and mathematical cost models;
- 5 instructions for generating a set of initial
- 6 starting conditions;
- 7 a scoring cost model evaluator for generating the
- 8 state of an elite solution and guiding operations of
- 9 said heuristic algorithm; and
- 10 said scoring model evaluation further for guiding
- 11 the operation on the population of solutions regardless
- 12 of nonlinearity or dependence among said set of inputs,
- 13 control parameters, and mathematical cost models.

- 1 8. The scheduling engine of Claim 7, wherein
- 2 said instructions for generating said set of initial
- 3 starting conditions further comprises instructions for
- 4 randomly generating said set of initial starting
- 5 conditions.
- 1 9. The scheduling engine of Claim 7, wherein
- 2 said instructions for generating said set of initial
- 3 starting conditions further comprises instructions for
- 4 receiving said set of initial starting conditions from
- 5 an associated heuristic solution.
- 1 10. The scheduling engine of Claim 7, wherein
- 2 said scoring model evaluator further comprises
- 3 instructions for iteratively modifying said set of
- 4 inputs for converging to an optimal solution.
- 1 11. A method for scheduling engine for optimally
- 2 scheduling the allocation of a set service providers to
- 3 a defined set of service points, comprising the steps
- 4 of:
- 5 collecting and processing a plurality of service
- 6 point data parameters, said data parameters being not
- 7 necessarily independent from one another;
- 8 collecting and processing a plurality of service
- 9 provider data parameters, said service point data
- 10 parameters being not necessarily independent from one
- 11 another; and
- 12 generating allocation schedules for allocating the
- 13 set of service providers to the set of service points,
- 14 said generic multi-layer scheduling mechanism employing
- 15 a heuristic algorithm for creating an objective
- 16 function relating to said plurality of service point

- 17 data elements and said plurality of service provider
- 18 data elements and generating therefrom said optimal
- 19 allocation schedule.
 - 1 12. The method of Claim 11, wherein said generic
 - 2 step further comprises the step of successively
 - 3 proceeding through increasingly optimal allocation
 - 4 schedules until a final optimal allocation schedule
 - 5 results.
 - 1 13. The method of Claim 11, wherein further
 - 2 comprising the step of testing successive allocation
 - 3 schedules to verify improvement over previously
 - 4 generated allocation schedules.
 - 1 14. The method of Claim 13, further comprising
 - 2 the step of changing said successive allocation
 - 3 schedules for accommodating different customer business
 - 4 aspects.
 - 1 15. The method of Claim 14, wherein said changing
 - 2 step requires only two solutions for comparing to
 - 3 improve over previously generated allocation schedules
 - 4 independent of the type of employed heuristic
 - 5 algorithm.
 - 1 16. The method of Claim 11, further comprising
 - 2 the step of successively testing the optimality of a
 - 3 population of solutions for proceeding towards an
 - 4 optimal solution independent of linearity constraints.
 - 1 17. A method algorithm for processing a plurality
 - 2 of scheduling problems comprising the steps of:
 - 3 defining a set of inputs, control parameters, and
 - 4 mathematical cost models;

- 5 generating a set of initial starting conditions;
- 6 generating the state of an elite solution and
- 7 guiding operations of said heuristic algorithm using a
- 8 scoring cost evaluator; and
- 9 guiding the operation on the population of
- 10 solutions regardless of nonlinearity or departure among
- 11 said set of inputs, control parameters, and
- 12 mathematical cost models using a scoring cost
- 13 evaluator.
- 1 18. The method of Claim 17, wherein generating
- 2 said set of initial starting conditions step further
- 3 comprises the step of randomly generating said set of
- 4 initial starting conditions.
- 1 19. The method of Claim 17, wherein generating
- 2 said set of initial starting conditions step further
- 3 comprises the step of receiving said set of initial
- 4 starting conditions from an associated heuristic
- 5 solution.
- 1 20. The method of Claim 17, scoring model
- 2 evaluator further comprising the step of iteratively
- 3 modifying said set of inputs for converging to an
- 4 optimal solution.